Domain 1	Project Management Fundamentals and Core Concepts – 36%
Task 1	<ul> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of the various project life cycles and processes.</li> <li>Distinguish between a project, program, and a portfolio.</li> <li>Distinguish between a project and operations.</li> <li>Distinguish between predictive and adaptive approaches.</li> <li>Distinguish between issues, risks, assumptions, and constraints.</li> <li>Review/critique project scope.</li> <li>Apply the project management code of ethics to scenarios (refer to <i>PMI Code of Ethics and Professional Conduct</i>).</li> <li>Explain how a project can be a vehicle for change.</li> </ul>
Task 2	<ul> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of project management planning.</li> <li>Describe the purpose and importance of cost, quality, risk, schedule, etc.</li> <li>Distinguish between the different deliverables of a project management plan versus product management plan.</li> <li>Distinguish differences between a milestone and a task duration.</li> <li>Determine the number and type of resources in a project.</li> <li>Use a risk register in a given situation.</li> <li>Use a stakeholder register in a given situation.</li> <li>Explain project closure and transitions.</li> </ul>
Task 3	<ul> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of project roles and responsibilities.</li> <li>Compare and contrast the roles and responsibilities of project managers and project sponsors.</li> <li>Compare and contrast the roles and responsibilities of the project team and the project sponsor.</li> <li>Explain the importance of the role the project manager plays (e.g., initiator, negotiator, listener, coach, working member, and facilitator).</li> <li>Explain the differences between leadership and management.</li> <li>Explain emotional intelligence (EQ) and its impact on project management.</li> </ul>
Task 4	Determine how to follow and execute planned strategies or frameworks (e.g., communication, risks, etc.).  • Give examples of how it is appropriate to respond to a planned strategy or framework (e.g., communication, risk, etc.).  • Explain project initiation and benefit planning.
Task 5	Demonstrate an understanding of common problem-solving tools and techniques.  • Evaluate the effectiveness of a meeting.  • Explain the purpose of focus groups, standup meetings, brainstorming, etc.

Domain 2	Predictive, Plan-Based Methodologies – 17%
Task 1	<ul> <li>Explain when it is appropriate to use a predictive, plan-based approach.</li> <li>Identify the suitability of a predictive, plan-based approach for the organizational structure (e.g., virtual, colocation, matrix structure, hierarchical, etc.).</li> <li>Determine the activities within each process.</li> <li>Give examples of typical activities within each process.</li> <li>Distinguish the differences between various project components.</li> </ul>
Task 2	Demonstrate an understanding of a project management plan schedule.  • Apply critical path methods.  • Calculate schedule variance.  • Explain work breakdown structures (WBS).  • Explain work packages.  • Apply a quality management plan.  • Apply an integration management plan.
Task 3	Determine how to document project controls of predictive, plan- based projects.  Identify artifacts that are used in predictive, plan-based projects.  Calculate cost and schedule variances.

Domain 3	Agile Frameworks/Methodologies – 20%
Task 1	<ul> <li>Explain when it is appropriate to use an adaptive approach.</li> <li>Compare the pros and cons of adaptive and predictive, plan-based projects.</li> <li>Identify the suitability of adaptive approaches for the organizational structure (e.g., virtual, colocation, matrix structure, hierarchical, etc.).</li> <li>Identify organizational process assets and enterprise environmental factors that facilitate the use of adaptive approaches.</li> </ul>
Task 2	<ul> <li>Determine how to plan project iterations.</li> <li>Distinguish the logical units of iterations.</li> <li>Interpret the pros and cons of the iteration.</li> <li>Translate this WBS to an adaptive iteration.</li> <li>Determine inputs for scope.</li> <li>Explain the importance of adaptive project tracking versus predictive, plan-based tracking.</li> </ul>
Task 3	Determine how to document project controls for an adaptive project.  • Identify artifacts that are used in adaptive projects.
Task 4	<ul> <li>Explain the components of an adaptive plan.</li> <li>Distinguish between the components of different adaptive methodologies (e.g., Scrum, Extreme Programming (XP), Scaled Adaptive Framework (SAFe®), Kanban, etc.).</li> </ul>
Task 5	Determine how to prepare and execute task management steps.  Interpret success criteria of an adaptive project management task.  Prioritize tasks in adaptive project management.

Domain 4	Business Analysis Frameworks – 27%
Task 1	<ul> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of business analysis (BA) roles and responsibilities.</li> <li>Distinguish between stakeholder roles (e.g., process owner, process manager, product manager, product owner, etc.).</li> <li>Outline the need for roles and responsibilities (Why do you need to identify stakeholders in the first place?).</li> <li>Differentiate between internal and external roles.</li> </ul>
Task 2	<ul> <li>Determine how to conduct stakeholder communication.</li> <li>Recommend the most appropriate communication channel/tool (e.g., reporting, presentation, etc.).</li> <li>Demonstrate why communication is important for a business analyst between various teams (features, requirements, etc.).</li> </ul>
Task 3	<ul> <li>Determine how to gather requirements.</li> <li>Match tools to scenarios (e.g., user stories, use cases, etc.).</li> <li>Identify the requirements gathering approach for a situation (e.g., conduct stakeholder interviews, surveys, workshops, lessons learned, etc.).</li> <li>Explain a requirements traceability matrix/product backlog.</li> </ul>
Task 4	Demonstrate an understanding of product roadmaps.  • Explain the application of a product roadmap.  • Determine which components go to which releases.
Task 5	Determine how project methodologies influence business analysis processes.  • Determine the role of a business analyst in adaptive and/or predictive, plan-based approaches.
Task 6	<ul> <li>Validate requirements through product delivery.</li> <li>Define acceptance criteria (the action of defining changes based on the situation).</li> <li>Determine if a project/product is ready for delivery based on a requirements traceability matrix/product backlog.</li> </ul>